## **SECTION-B**

## [Only for candidates appearing in QURAT July'19 - DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT]

- 51. The only feasible purpose of financial management is
  - a. Wealth Maximization
  - b. Sales Maximization
  - c. Profit Maximization
  - d. Assets maximization
- 52. Financial management deals in theprocess of
  - a. Investments decisions
  - b. Financing decisions
  - c. Both a and b
  - d. None of the above
- 53. Capital Budgeting process deals in
  - a.Long term Investment Decision,
  - b. Working Capital Management,
  - c. Marketing Management,
  - d. CapitalStructure.
- 54. Working capital deals in the process of
  - a. Long-term Decisions,
  - b. Short-term Decisions,
  - c. Both (a) and (b),
  - d.Neither (a) nor (b).
- 55. Dividend Payout Ratiois
  - a. PAT÷ Capital,
  - b. DPS ÷ EPS,
  - c. Pref. Dividend ÷ PAT,
  - d. Pref. Dividend ÷ Equity Dividend
- 56. In finance, the term 'working capital' deals with
  - a. Total assets
  - b. Fixed assets
  - c. Current Assets
  - d. None
- 57. Net working capital refers to
  - a. Total assets minus fixed assets.
  - b. Current assets minus currentliabilities.
  - c. Current assets minus inventories
  - d. Current assets.
- 58. Management Accounting:
  - a. Is a clerical work
  - b. Is accounting for future
  - c. Is a recording technique of the management related transactions
  - d. In an analysis of the past business activities
- 59. The process of recording financial data along

- with the preparation of trial balance is coveredunder:
  - a. Book Keeping
  - b. Accounting
  - c. Classifying
  - d. Summarizing
- 60. Rs. 5000 paid as rent of office premises in

an/a \_\_\_\_\_

- a. Event
- b. Transaction
- c. Both
- d. None
- 61. If owner's capital is Rs. 50000, liability is Rs. 30000 and fixed assets is Rs. 70000, then what isthe value of current assets?
  - a. Rs. 10000
  - b. Rs. 40000
  - c. Rs. 80000
  - d. Rs. 100000
- 62. Capital of business is Rs. 75000 and liability is
- Rs. 25000 then total assets of business would be:
  - a. Rs. 50000
  - b. Rs. 15000
  - c. Rs. 75000
  - d. Rs. 100000
- 63. The Accounting Equation is based on:
  - a. Going Concern Concept
  - b. Dual Aspect Concept
  - c. Money Measurement Concept
  - d. All of these
- 64. Cost concept basically recognizes
  - a. Fair Market Value
  - b. Historical Cost
  - c. Realizable Value
  - d. Replacement Cost
- ` `65.Current liabilities of a business do not include
  - a. Bank
  - b. Sundry Creditors
  - c. Unclaimed Dividend
  - d. All of the above
  - 66. The four unique elements to services include:
    - a. Independence ,intangibility ,inventory and inception
    - b. Independence, increase, inventory,

- and intangibility
- c. Intangibility, inconsistency ,inseparability and inventory
- d. Intangibility, independence, inseparability and inventory
- 67. "many people want BMW, only few are able to

buy" this is an example of

- a. Need
- b. Want
- c. Demand
- d. Status
- 68. It's combination of quality ,service & price
  - a. Marketing Triad
  - b. Customer Value triad
  - c. Customer satisfaction triad
  - d. Service quality triad
- 69. The Solution to price competition is to develop a differentiated:
  - a. Product ,price & promotion
  - b. Offer ,Delivery &image
  - c. Package & Label
  - d. International website
- 70. Which one of the following is not a type of marketing concept:
  - a. Marketing concept
  - b. Selling concept
  - c. Societal marketing concept
  - d. Supplier concept
- 71. .....buys

product&.....use product

- a. Consumer & customers
- b. Customers &consumer
- c. Buyers& sellers
- d. Buyers& Customers
- 72. Testing before launching a product is known
- as .....
  - a. Acid test
  - b. Concept testing
  - c. Market test
  - d. Test marketing
  - 73. Marketing buzz means.....
    - a. De-marketing
    - b. Social marketing
    - c. Viral marketing
    - d. Virtual marketing
  - 74. Which is the feature of direct marketing:
    - a. One to one communication

- b. Open dialogue
- c. Personal relationship
- d. All of the above
- 75. Basic role of promotion is:
  - a. Communication
  - b. Information
  - c. Interpretation
  - d. Manipulation
- 76. Which of the following is NOT a part of marketing communication mix?
  - a. Advertising
  - b. Public relations
  - c. Sales promotion
  - d. Tele-marketing
- 77. The Term marketing myopia was given by
  - a. Philip kotler
  - b. Royal Dutch shell
  - c. Theodore Levitt
  - d. Henry Ford
- 78. Which one of the following factors relates to family that influences consumer behavior?
  - a. Cultural
  - b. Social
  - c. Personal
  - d. Business
- 79. What is the last stage of the consumer decision process?
  - a. Problem recognition
  - b. Post purchase behavior
  - c. Alternative Evaluation
  - d. Purchase
- 80. Which of the following is NOT considered a type of reseller?
  - a. Wholesaler
  - b. Retailer
  - c. Manufacturer
  - d. Distributor
- 81. Which of the following are not Central

Organisation of Workers?

- a. Indian, National Trade Union Congress
- b. Hind Mazdoor Sabha
- c. Bhartiya Mazdoor Sangh
- d. SAFTA, COSEFA
- 82. The components of the information systems should be made up only of information units which enhance effective
  - . Personnel Management Decision

- b. Project
- c. Human Resources Decision
- d. None of these
- 83. Redressal of employee grievances covers
  - a. Equitable wages and salary system
  - b. Institutionalising an expeditions machinery for resolving employees grievances
  - c. Positive attitude towards employee grievances and readiness to help
  - d. Both (b) and (c)
- 84. Which are the objectives of training?
  - a. To arouse loyalty towards the institution
  - b. Awareness of the problems
  - c. Increase in employee morale, confidence skill and productivity
  - d. All of the above
- 85. Which of the following is not machinery for settlement of ID in India?
  - a. Board of conciliation
  - b. Labour court
  - c. Collective bargaining
  - d. National Tribunal
- 86. Which statement is true?
  - a. Job analysis is a group of positions, that are similar as to kind and level of work
  - A promotion is the advancement of an employee to a better job better in terms of greater responsibilities, more prestige or status, greater skill and especially, increase rate of pay or salary
  - c. A promotion is the transfer of an employee to a job that pays more money or that enjoys some preferred status
  - d. All of the above
- 87. Grievance is affecting one or more individual workers in respect of their conditions of work and not disputes over matters of general applicability to all
  - a. Complaint
  - b. Claims
  - c. Information
  - d. Order
- 88. Job analysis is a systematic procedure for

- securing and reporting information defining a
  - a. Specific Product
  - b. Specific Job
  - c. Specific Goods or Service
  - d. All these
- 89. Which is the function of Industrial Psychologist?
  - a. Consulting
  - b. Individual evaluation
  - c. Research
  - d. All of the above
- 90. Job design is affected by
  - a. Organisational, environmental and behavioural fact
  - b. Price
  - c. Study
  - d. Process
- 91. Which is the method of wage payment?
  - a. Time wage
  - b. Piece wage
  - c. Debt wage
  - d. All of these
- 92. Human resource planning includes
  - a. Creating a climate of opportunity and professional challenge
  - b. Recognition of excellence in performance
  - c. Improvement of excellence in performance
  - d. All of the above
- 93. Which items below are forms of perceptual errors made during the selection process?
- a. Like-me judgements
- b. A candidate's time-keeping
- c. The interview setting
- d. The time of day
- 94. The most prominent system in the retail sales industry is the
  - system.
- a. POS (point-of-scale)
- b. COBOL
- c. ACM
- d. All of the above

## 95. Human Resource Audit is an audit of

- a. Human Resource of the Organisation
- b. Cost of Production
- c. Goodwill
- d. Plant
- 96. The actual achievements compared with the objectives of the job is
  - a.Job performance
  - b.Job evaluation
  - c.Job description
  - d.None of the above
- 97. Majority of the disputes in industries is (are) related to the problem of
  - a. Wages
  - b. Salaries
  - c. Benefits
  - d. All of the above
- 98. An agreement consists of reciprocal promises
  - between at least
  - a. Four parties
  - b. Six parties
  - c. Three parties
  - d. Two parties
- 99. Every promise and every set of promise forming the consideration for each other is a/an
  - a. Contract
  - b. Agreement
  - c. Offer
  - d. Acceptance
- 100. Valid contracts
  - a. Are made by free consent.
  - b. Are made by competent parties.
  - c. Have lawful consideration and lawful
  - object.
    - d. All of the above